



F-7000/2710

Hitachí Fluorescence Spectrophotometer



Hitachi, The Value Leader in Fluorescence

F-7000

The Hitachi F-7000 Fluorescence Spectrophotometer surpass the competition with its superior performance, functionality, and reliability. Designed to the F-7000's ultra high sensitivity and high-speed scanning provide unparalleled performance.



Ultra High-sensitivity (S/N 15,000)

Ultra High-Scanning speed (60,000 nm/min) ideal for 3-D measurement

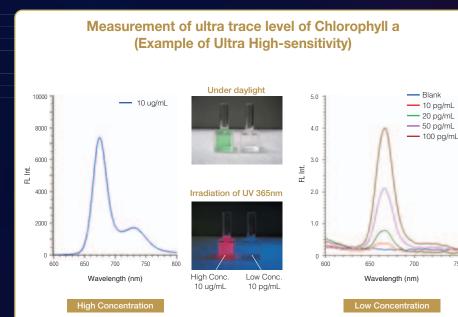


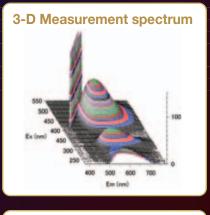
Feature

Wide photometric range (6 or more order of magnitude)



A wide variety of accessories for various application such as a 96-well microplatereader





Microplate reader accessory

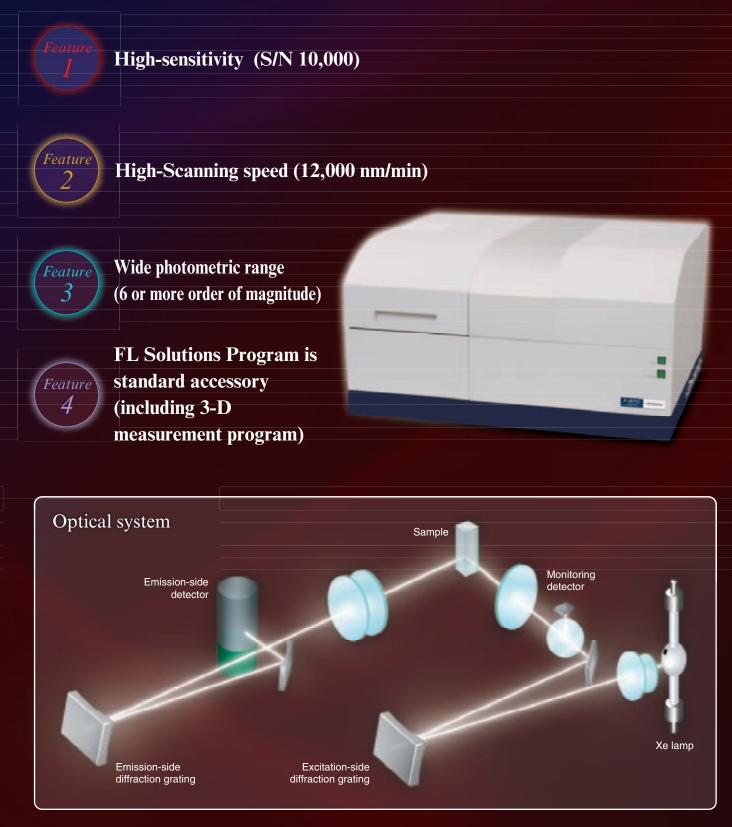


Spectroscopy



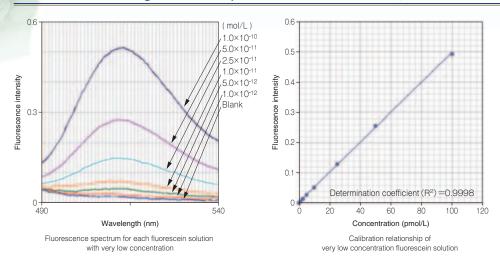
The Hitachi F-2710 Fluorescence Spectrophotometer affords the highest performance, functionality, and operability in the entry class.

It is ideal choice for a wide range applications from teaching to biotech and material research.



Performance

F-7000 / F-2710 High-sensitivity measurement — The highest detection sensitivity

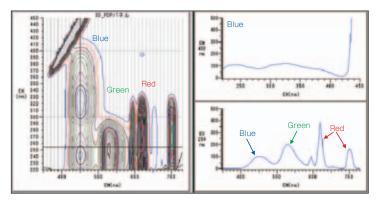


HITACHI's unique high-efficiency diffraction grating and low-noise detection system allow for the measurement of very low concentrations, resulting in a system that effectively measures small amounts of ingredients or samples.

The acquired fluorescence intensity is displayed in the range from 0.001 to 9999.

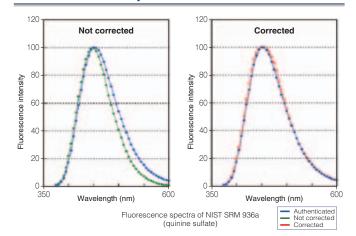
Even with low fluorescence intensity a superior calibration relationship can be achieved, and very small amounts of fluorescein, on the order of 1 x 10^{-12} mol/L, can be detected. As shown here, the F-7000 and F-2710 produces a superior calibration relationship with a coefficient of determination of 0.9998 in the very low concentration range from 1 x 10^{-12} to 1 x 10^{-10} mol/L.

F-7000 / F-2710 3-D measurement



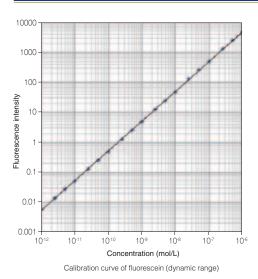
3-D fluorescence spectra is displayed in the plasma display panel

3-D fluorescence spectra measurement is very effective for examining the relationship between the excitation and emission wavelengths of a sample. In addition, this measurement is also effective for finding the most sensitive emission/excitation wavelength and for examining smaller differences among similar samples. The obtained 3-D excitation and emission spectra may be observed and stored as 2-D data for any wavelength.

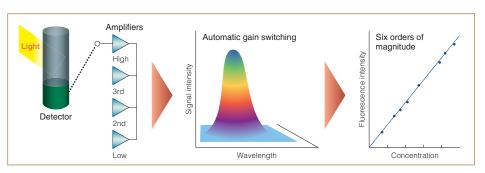


F-7000 / F-2710 Spectrum correction

Raw spectra are corrected in view of the wavelength characteristics derived from the light source and the detectors of the spectrum measurement system. Corrections are applied upon comparison with spectra obtained from another measurement system, and quantum yield measurements.



F-7000 / F-2710 Wide photometric range — The dynamic range has 6 or more orders of magnitude —

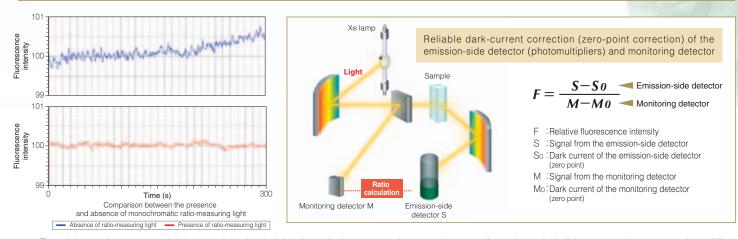


HITACHI fluorescence spectrophotometers have a dynamic range with 6 or more orders of magnitude, resulting from our unique circuit-processing technology.

Because Hitachi fluorescence spectrophotometers can switch gains (amplifiers) automatically, measurements can be performed from low to high fluorescence intensity under the same conditions. The elimination of the need to perform difficult sensitivity adjustments is an advantage featured only with Hitachi fluorescence spectrophotometers. Our fluorescence spectrophotometers are equally adept at quantum yield measurement where strong scattered light and weak fluorescence are measured under the same conditions, as well as other measurements that require a large dynamic range.

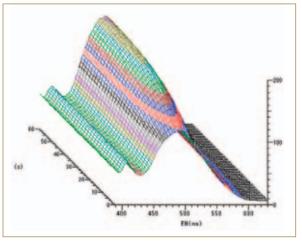
F-7000 / F-2710 Accurate zero-point correction

 HITACHI zero-point correction in detector monitoring and reliable measurement of weak fluorescence —



Through the use of a monochromatic light monitoring ratio calculation, the monitoring detector performs corrections according to changes in the light source, resulting in outstanding stability. In addition, dark-current correction is accurately performed during signal processing, because both the monitoring detector and emission-side detector can obtain a zero point. This accurate zero-point correction is effective in measurement of both weak ultraviolet excitation spectra and weak emission spectra.

F-7000 High-Speed Scan at 60,000 nm/min — Example of reaction tracing with a spectrum



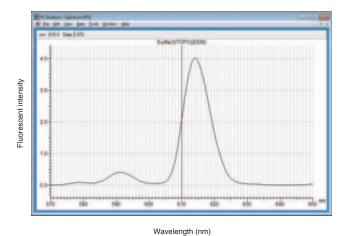
3-D time scan spectrum of coumarin for environmental applications

The fast-speed scanning enables users to carry out measurements that have been difficult with conventional instruments. In this example, an isomerization process of coumarin in kerosene was traced by spectrum measurement at 2-second intervals and displayed as a 3-D time-scan spectrum. This is a new function in the F-7000.

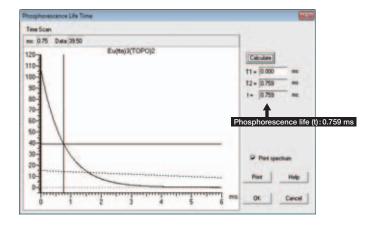
Previously, a quick reaction which occurs within 1 minute could be measured only by using the fixedwavelength method. The F-7000 is capable of following such a quick reaction because of its fast scanning, measuring the entire wavelength range within 1 second.

F-7000 Phosphorescence measurement — Rare earth element complex (Eu chelate)

The example below shows the phosphorescence spectrum and lifetime measurement of the $Eu (tta)_3 (TOPO)_2 complex$, a rare earth element.



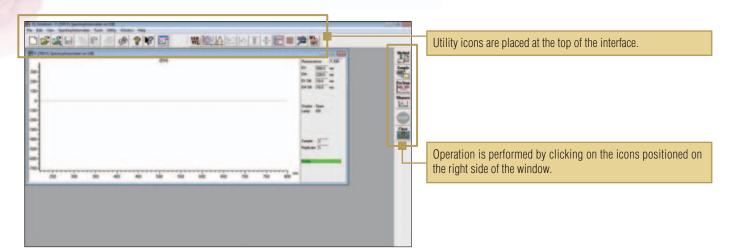
With the F-7000, the analysis of phosphorescence life of 1 ms order can be performed at room temperature without special accessories.



Software

FL Solutions supports various measurements

F-7000 / F-2710 Very simple operation! Samples can be measured in three steps



Specify analysis conditionsMethod Image: Image: Image	2 Set up a sample	3 Start Measure the measurement
Select one measurement mode, and specify the analysis conditions. Measurement modes : Wavelength scanning, Time scan, Photometry, and 3-D Scan	Input a sample name, comments, file name, and destination for storage.	Measurement is started, and the generated data are stored onto the specified file auto- matically. Data can also be printed out.
	T Ado Be T Auto SCHEP CIC III T Auto SCHEP CIC III T Auto IIII T Auto IIII Destination T CVI. Schemer Class Even Failure Tele name Colored CC Cancel Help	

F-7000 / F-2710 DDE and OLE functions support the preparation of analysis reports

Ho Scen	Contour/Bird's-eye View Processing	Report
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DDE : Dynamic Data Exchange

Data on measurement results can be transferred to the spreadsheet software, Microsoft® Excel® at one click of a button.

• OLE: Object Link Embedding

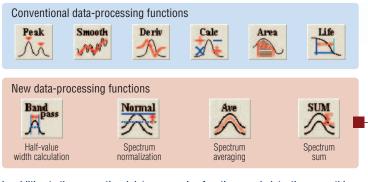
Using commercially available software such as Microsoft[®] Word[®], spectrum data can be edited into a form suitable for analysis reports.

Batch file conversion

Data files can be converted into ASCII text files, graphics metafiles, or JCAMP-DX files via batch processing.

New functions for improved operability!

F-2710 Many different data-processing functions



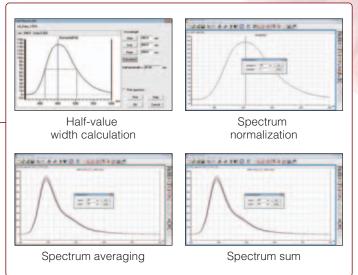
In addition to the conventional data-processing functions-peak detection, smoothing, differentiation, four basic arithmetic operations, area calculation, and lifetime calculation, four new functions are now available.

The half-value width calculation function can provide half-value widths of spectra, and support characteristic evaluations of *de novo* synthesized fluorescence substances.

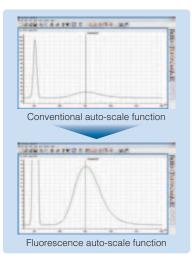
The spectrum normalization function can perform normalization with the fluorescence intensity at any wavelength at one touch of a button, useful for comparing the spectral shapes of fluorescence at different intensities.

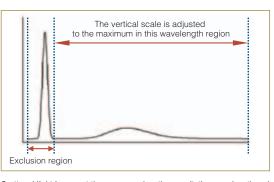
The spectrum averaging and sum functions are effective in the evaluation of multiple spectra.

Four new data-processing functions have been added to the conventional functions of its predecessor, the F-2500



F-2710 Advanced auto-scale functions — One-touch scale adjustment for fluorescence —





Scattered light is seen at the same wavelength as excitation wavelength and the spectral width depends on the designated slit width. The emission has a longer wavelength than the excitation light. The fluorescence auto-scale function can adjust the scale to show the peaks appearing in the longwavelength region, excluding the wavelength region of the excitation light.

Fluorescence auto-scale function



The exclusion regions for scattered and other lights are automatically determined from the measurement conditions. The scale is optimized on the basis of the fluorescence wavelength region alone.

Real-time auto-scale function



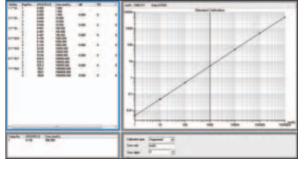
During spectrum measurement, the scale can be optimized by the auto-scale function, as needed. It is not necessary to input the scale range before starting a measurement.

Scale return icon

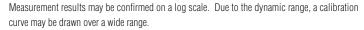


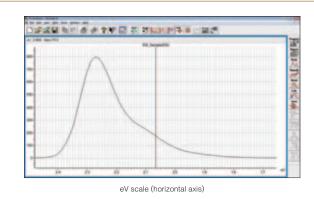
A temporarily enlarged or reduced scale may be restored to the previous condition, at one touch of a button.









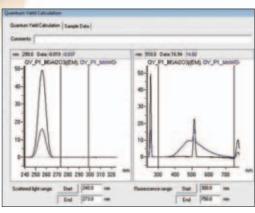


The horizontal axis can display energy (eV) as well as wavelength (nm) and wave value (Kcm⁻¹).

Application

F-7000 / F-2710 System for the quantum yield measurement of powder samples

Fluorescent quantum yield measurement of MgWO₄ -



Results of the fluorescent quantum yield measurement of MqWO4

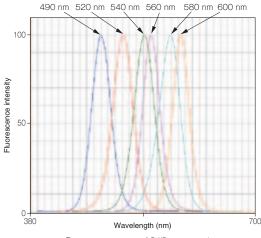


Quantum yield measurement unit 5J0-0148 / 4J1-0139 R928F photomultipliers 650-1246 Spectrum correction kit included in F-7000 / 4J1-0137 Substandard light source 5J0-0135 / 4J1-0145 (115V) 5J0-0136 / 4J1-0135 (220-240V) Filter set 5J0-0151 The fluorescence quantum yield measurement is performed to evaluate the emission efficiency of organic EL materials, white LEDs, quantum dots, fluorescence probes, etc.

With this system, quantum yield can be measured for samples in powder form. The quantum yield measurement unit consists of a 60 phi-integrating sphere attachment, powder-sample cell, standard white plate, and quantum yield calculation program. In addition to these components, the spectrum correction kit is required. The R928F photomultipliers and sub-standard light source for correction are used for measurement in the long-wavelength region from 600 nm or more. The cut filter is used when the spectrum of secondary light from scattered light overlaps with the fluorescence spectrum of a sample.

We have obtained a fluorescence quantum yield of 0.81 for MgWO₄, a fluorophore for lamps.





Fluorescence spectra of Cd/Se quantum dots

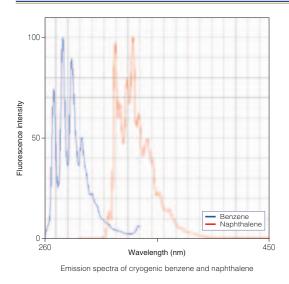


R928F photomultipliers 650-1246 Spectrum correction kit included in F-7000 / 4J1-0137 Substandard light source 5J0-0135 / 4J1-0145 (115V) 5J0-0136 / 4J1-0135 (220-240V) Filter set 5J0-0151 The lamps, detectors, and optical elements of a fluorescence spectrophotometer have wavelength characteristics. The raw spectrum data reflect the wavelength characteristics inherent in the apparatus. Therefore, in quantum yield measurements, either a spectrum correction or a comparison with reference spectra obtained from another apparatus is required.

The spectrum correction kit (rhodamine B method) and the sub-standard light source are employed for correction of spectra in the region from 220 to 600 nm and 600 nm or more, respectively.

We measured the fluorescence spectra of Cd/Se quantum dots. Quantum dots, comprised of semiconductor materials several nanometers in diameter, have attracted attention because of their unique ability to control the fluorescence wavelength via diameter, and are being applied to fluorescence probes and solar cells. The spectrum correction helps to obtain accurate fluorescence properties.

F-7000 / F-2710 System for measurement of cryogenic samples — Emission spectra at low temperatures —





Accessories ·Low Temp. Acc. 5J0-0112 / 4J1-0105

Using the attachment device for low temperatures, fluorescence analysis may be performed at the temperature of liquid nitrogen (-196°C).

Samples may then be measured for fine structure not appearing at ordinary temperatures.

The sample is frozen within a synthetic-silica sampling tube immersed in a Dewar vessel filled with liquid nitrogen.

An included sampling tube may be used; either 5 mm or 8 mm in outer diameter can be selected, according to the sample volume and sensitivity.

Part Number notation for Accessories in this brochure



F-7000 / F-2710 Fluorescence Analysis of a Plate Sample from a Plasma Panel Display

An example of measuring fluorescence spectra of a plasma panel display using a solidsample holder



<Example of setting up sample>





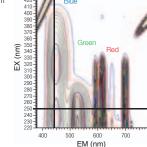
650-0161

3-D Fluorescence Spectra

The figure shows results of a 3-D measurement on a plasma display panel. On each excitation wavelength, blue, green, and red spectra are observed. The F-7000 featuring a high scanning speed can obtain the data shown on the right in as little as 1.5 minutes.

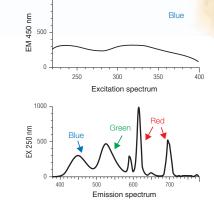
3-D assay presents a great deal of information from a single sample preparation process, thus reducing the amount of time required to run measurements. The ultra-high speed scanning of the F-7000 can be a powerful tool for the measurement of

samples that change with time





Results of a 3-D measurement can also be represented in 2-D data. The graphs below show excitation and emission spectra of a plasma display. It presents spectra at specific wavelengths.By using the blue, green, red spectra data represented in 2-D, the technique can be applied to the measurement of fluorescent colors (fluorescence chromaticity coordinates) 1000



F-7000 / F-2710 Removing secondary light

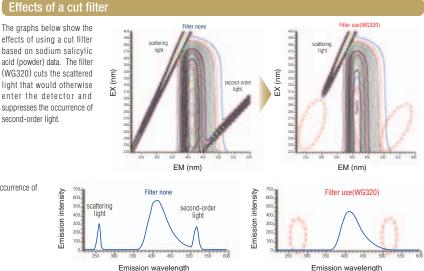
In surface light measurements, multi-order light, including second-order light, that is produced by light scattering interferes with the measurement. An effective tool for removing multi-order light is a cut filter. Fluorescence is based on the principles of Stokes,



which can be observed at longer wavelengths than the excitation liaht

The following graphs also show data that are extracted from third-order data. It is clear that the occurrence of second-order light that is duplicate to the spectra is also suppressed on the second-order data

Accessori ·Filter set 5J0-0151



F-7000 / F-2710 Measurement of Quantum Yield for a Solution Sample (relative method)

The fluorescence quantum yield can be determined by comparing the molar absorption coefficient, the wave number integration of fluorescence spectra, and the refractive index of the solvent obtained from the absorption spectra of the sample with a standard substance (fluorescein, quantum yield: 0.85, in this case) with a known quantum vield.

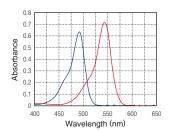


Accessories · Absorption cell holder 650-0165 Spectral correction kit included in F-7000 / 4J1-0137 Sub standard light source 5J0-0135 / 4J1-0145 (115V) 5J0-0136 / 4J1-0135 (220-240V) Photomultiplier R928F 650-1246

Measurement of the quantum yield of rhodamine B

In the measurement of absorption spectra, as a first step the absorption spectra from which the influence of fluorescent light has been eliminated should be measured. By conducting synchronized scanning with an absorption measurement cell holder mounted on the equipment, it is possible to measure absorption spectra that are immune to the effects of fluorescence. By using this function, we measured the absorption spectra of fluorescein and rhodamine B, and determined their molar light absorption coefficients.

Absorption spectra determined using an absorption measurement cell holder Fluorescein: molar absorption coefficient = 8.3×104 (492 nm) Rhodamine B: molar absorption coefficient = 1.5×104 (492 nm)



Measurement of the quantum yield of rhodamine B

Calculating a wave number integration value from fluorescence spectra requires the true spectra in which the effects of wavelength characteristics of the light source or diffraction lattice have been eliminated.

The models F-7000 and F-2710 permit applying a correction, based on the rhodamine B method, over a 200-600 nm range based on pre-measured and stored wavelength characteristics of the photometer. Furthermore, in the case of samples that have a fluorescence peak on the long wavelength side, the F-7000 can perform 200-800 nm corrections on the fluorescence side by using the photomultiplier R928F as well as a secondary standard light source. Based on the molar absorption coefficient and the wave number integrated value obtained through the above operations, the guantum yield of a sample is calculated

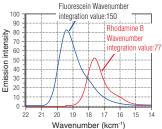
Calculation of the relative quantum yield for rhodamine B

Calculation of the relative quantum yield		Juanning D
Fluorescein		
Quantum yield	Qst	: 0.85
Wave number integrated value	(Area)s	st: 7.1×10 ⁸
Molar absorption coefficient (492 nm)	Ast	: 8.3×104

Rhodamine B Wave number integrated value

(Area)s: 1.1×108 Molar absorption coefficient (492 nm) As : 1.5×104 Quantum yield of rhodamine B

Quantum yield of rhodamine B $\frac{(\text{Area})_{\text{s}}}{\dots} \times \frac{\text{A}_{\text{st}}}{\dots} \times \text{Q}_{\text{st}} = 0.74$ $\Omega_{S=}$ (Area)_{st} As



Fluorescence spectrum that converts wavenumbe

Biological field

F-7000 / F-2710 Fluorescence Anisotropy

The far-ranging application of fluorescence anisotropy, originally described by Perrin in France in 1926, in the field of biochemistry began during the latter half of the 1970s. On the strength of the simple, rapid, and high-sensitivity nature of the method, fluorescence anisotropy has made inroads into the quantitative analysis of drugs in blood, antigen-antibody reactions, and the assaying of enzyme activity using specialized equipment. More recently, it has been applied to the analysis of nucleic acid hybridization, the quantitative analysis of PCR products, and the assaying of DNA-protein interactions, as well as protein-protein interactions.

F-7000

The accessory for automated fluorescence anisotropy is capable of automated calculation and time-dependent changes in polarization while automatically rotating the polarizer element. As such, it can also

automatically compute the fluorescence anisotropy and the total amount of fluorescence. The 5J0-0138 offers a

capability to measure fluorescence with a high degree of precision over a 380 - 730 nm visible light range. The 5J0-0137 can measure fluorescence over a 260 - 700 nm UV/visible right range.



• Automated polarization accessories UV-VIS : 5J0-0137, VIS : 5J0-0138

F-7000 Microplate accessory

The microplate accessory permits the direct assaying using the F-7000 of a sample applied to a microplate.

The accessory lends itself to automation for assaying as a microplate reader or an autosampler based upon the use of microplates.



*1:Compatible microplates are commercially available ones having 96 wells.

Background fluorescence level may be high depending on a selected microplate



The Turret permits the measurement of each cell by setting four cells, 10 mm on the edge, and by automatically switching the cells. The Turret, operable from the PC, can be a powerful tool for the assaying of samples that change as a function of time, over long periods of time.

The Turret can be useful the assaying of multiple samples, such as in assaying enzymatic activity.





The accessory for fluorescence anisotropy allows the user to measure the degrees of polarization and anisotropy while manually rotating the polarization element.

Cell

Principle of fluorescent polarized light method

Ann Polarizer

Light Source

The 650-0156 offers a capability to measure fluorescence with a high degree of precision over a 380 - 730 nm visible light range. The 650-0155 can measure polarized light over a 260 - 700 nm UV/visible light range.



Photomultiplier

Polarizer

(0°, 90°)

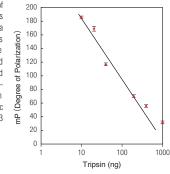
Polarization accessories UV-VIS : 650-0155, VIS : 650-0156

Example of measuring enzymic activity-Fixed quantity of trypsin-

Fluorescence anisotropy permits the high-sensitivity detection and quantitative of enzyme activity. Enzyme activity and the amount of enzymes present can be assayed by the fluorescence-tagging of a macromolecular substrate and by measuring a decrease in the molecular weight of the substrate by the action of a decrease in P value.

In the example illustrated, we used an EnzChekTM Polarization Assay Kit for Proteases (Molecular Probes Corporation) to assay the enzymatic activity of trypsin. We studied

changes in the degree of polarization that occurs when trypsin, which is a protease, decomposes casein, using the fluorescence-tagged casein that is included in the kit (BODIPY FLcasein: excitation wavelength/fluorescenc e wavelength = 505/513 nm) as a substrate.



Principle of fluorescent polarized light method

Features of the microplate accessory

- Effective for the assaying of multi-specimen samples : compatible with 96-well microplates
- High-sensitivity assaying : Detection sensitivity : 5×10-11 mol/L (fluorescein)
- · High-throughput assaying : 96 wells/60 seconds
- Wide dynamic range : 6 digits or higher

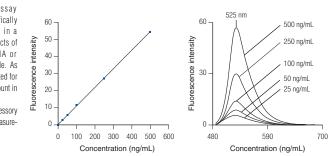


The PicoGreen® can assay double-strand DNA, specifically and in high sensitivity, in a manner immune to the effects of RNA, single-strand DNA or proteins present in the sample. As such, the system is well-suited for the assaying of template amount in a DNA sequencer or PCR. The use of the microplate accessory supports high-throughput measurement operations.

Fluorescence intensity

Automated 4-cell turret

accessory 5J0-0140



Example of assaying ethanol using the enzyme method

2000

The action of alcohol dehydrogenase (ADH) converts ethanol to acetaldehyde. In this reaction, NAD⁺ changes to NADH. Based on the fluorescence intensity of the NADH, the ethanol can be quantitated. Because the reaction does not proceed completely, the reaction is promoted by converting acetaldehyde to acetic acid by means of AL-DH.

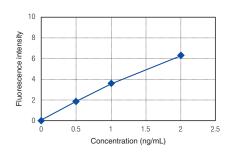
1000

Time(s)

0, 0.5 ppm, 1 ppm, 2 ppm

Ethanol+NAD⁺ $\stackrel{\text{ADH}}{\longleftarrow}$ Acetaldehyde + NADH + H⁺





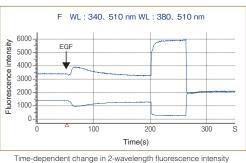
F-7000 / F-2710 Assaying of In-Situ Ca²⁺

A typical reagent for the assaying of the concentration of Ca2+ in cells is Fura2-AM. The reagent, carrying five acetoxymethyl groups, has membrane permeability. When mixed in a cellular suspension, Fura2-AM is taken up into the cells. When broken down by acetylesterase in cells, Fura2-AM is converted into Fura2. Fura2 has a Ca²⁺ bonding capacity. When bonded, the peak of the excitation wavelength significantly undergoes a blue shift. By conducting a two-wavelength assaying using this fact and by taking the ratio of fluorescence intensities of two wavelengths, factors can be cancelled out such as the concentration of pigments, the strength of the light source, and the size of cells. The F-7000, with a wavelength mobility speed of 60,000nm/min, can perform multi-wavelength measurements

virtually simultaneously. In addition, because it can accommodate up to four wavelengths, the F-7000 can assay such calcium indicators as Indo-1 and Fluo-3 beyond Fura2, as well as multi-dye samples based on pH, magnesium, and zinc indicators at any wavelength. The F-7000 is also capable of performing coagulation assaying simultaneously based on Ca2+ concentration and scattered light, using platelets as a sample.

Example of assaying

Intracellular Ca2+ plays a critical role as a second messenger in the information transmission path that conveys signals acquired by a receptor present in the cell membrane into the nucleus. For this reason, cellular Ca2+ concentrations are frequently assaved as an indicator of ligand indicator for receptors, including G protein. By using this system, it is possible to monitor the instantaneous reactions. that occur in living cells, without missing a beat.



Time-dependent change in 2-wavelength fluorescence intensity when EGF is administered to COS-7

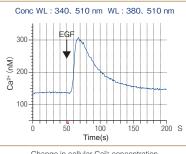
The accessory can be used for the assaying of cellular Ca2+ concentrations in cells. The accessory is comprised of a thermostat cell holder equipped with a stirrer, a microsampling assembly, microcells, and a cellular calcium assay program



 Intracellular cation measurement Acc 5J0-0145 / 4J1-0141

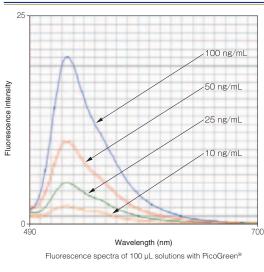
This graph depicts time-dependent changes in 2-wavelength fluorescence intensity after EGF (epithelial growth factor) was administered to COS-7 cells (monkey kidney-derived cells), and the results of converting the data to Ca2+ concentration values. The sample, obtained by fluorescence-tagging cultured cells with Fura2-AM, permits the assaving of time-depending changes in cellular Ca2+ concentrations in-situ

The results confirmed that the EGF receptor is expressed in the COS-7.



Change in cellular Ca²⁺ concentration when EGF is administered to COS-7

F-2710 System for measurement of very small sample amounts — Measurement of DNA with PicoGreen®





· Microcell holder 4J1-0133

*Cell and adapter are not included

In the biological field, samples such as DNA often cannot be obtained in sufficient amounts. Therefore, equipment that measures trace amounts of samples is desired. By using the F-2710 along with the microcell holder a sample amount as small as 100 µL can be measured.

The figure on the left shows the measurement of double-stranded DNA with PicoGreen®.

PicoGreen® can individually guantify double-stranded DNA with high sensitivity, without being affected by RNA, PicoGreen® can also quantify singlestranded DNA, proteins, or other molecules coexisting in the sample.

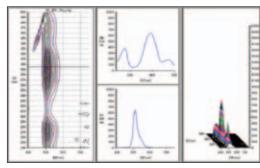
Low noise spectra can be obtained from a sample amount as small as 100 µL. This system is most suitable for the confirmation of spectral shapes.

In the determination of detection sensitivity and quantification accuracy, the microcell may be used for a minimal sample volume of 200 µL (standard type, P/N650-0116; low-scattering type, P/N650-0171).

Even with the microcell, high sensitivity similar to the 10mm cell can be achieved.

*Micro cell is required.

F-7000 / F-2710 System for measurement under constant temperature — Measurement of green fluorescent protein (GFP)



Three dimensional fluorescence spectra of GFP



 Thermostatted cell holder with stirrer 250-0346 · Micro cell 650-0116

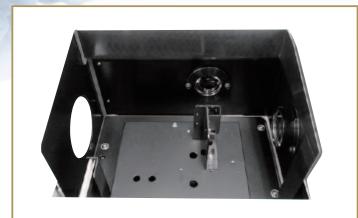
Typically, an increase in the temperature of a sample by 1°C causes a decrease in its fluorescence intensity by 1 to 2%. In addition, in the biological field, samples are measured in a similar condition to in vivo environment. Highly temperature-dependent samples and biological specimens should be measured under constant temperature using a thermostat cell holder.

The example shown here displays the fluorescence properties of green fluorescent protein (GFP). GFP is a fluorescent protein existing in Aequorea victoria, which is essential for measurements of intermolecular interactions (FRET, BRET), bioimaging studies, etc.

We measured the 3-D fluorescence spectra of GFP using the microcell with a stirrer. Since the sample solution is stirred with a magnetic stirring bar, measurements can be conducted with a greater accuracy in temperature.

Accessories

A Wide Variety of Accessories for Every Application



Sample compartment of F-7000

A wide variety of accessories with more than 30 options brings the most advanced technology of the fluorescence analysis to research laboratories. These accessories help you handle a wide range of

demanding measurements and applications.

Our accessory lineup includes Auto Sampler, Sipper, Turret, etc, designed to meet your analytical needs and improve the efficiency of your lab.

Cell holder



Solid sample holder 650-0161

Optimizes the measurement of solid samples, powder samples, or highly concentrated solutions. It is designed to prevent the specular reflection from the sample surface from entering the emission monochromator.Includes a powder cell.

Within 13 mm

sample thickness

(a powder cell is included)



Absorption cell holder 650-0165

Used for measuring absorbance. Allows to measure absorbance without influence from fluorescence due to the simultaneous scanning using the excitation and emission wavelengths (in synchronous spectrum measurement mode).

Compatible cells 10 mm rectangular cell (Cell is not included)



High sensitivity cell holder 5J0-0124

Doubles sensitivity when used with the 10-mm rectangular cell. Compatible with the 10-mm rectangular cell (not included).

Compatible cells 10 mm rectangular cell (Cell is not included)

Filter, Attenuator



Filter set 5J0-0151

Cutoff filters can help remove 2nd order wavelengths which cause false peaks. In addition, filters can be used in the excitation and or emission beam helping to reduce interference bands. The following filters are included

Corning 9863	Band pass filter from 250 to 390 nm only.
WG-295,WG-320, L-37,GG-395,L-42	Cut off filter for the wavelengths shorter than 295,320,370,395, and 420 nm respectively.



Micro cell holder 4J1-0133 Used to mount a commercially available micro cell. * Cannot be used with a stirrer.

Compatible cells (Starna. Inc.) (Cell and adapter are not included)

Fluorescence cell 3-3.45 Adapter FCA3

Polarization



Automatic Polarization Acc. 5J0-0137 (UV-VIS) 5J0-0138 (VIS)

Used for the measurement, calculation and data recording of fluorescence polarization angle and fluorescence anisotropy. Optimized for the measurement of antigen-anti body reaction, biological cells, proteins, enzymes, and other samples for the medical and biochemical fields.

Wavelength range	260 - 700 nm (5J0-0137) 380 - 730 nm (5J0-0138)
Polarizer rotation	0 to 90° automatic repetitive rotation on both excitation and emission sides
Measured items	Change of fluorescence polarization angle vs. time, fluorescence polarization angle, fluorescence anisotropy



Polarization Acc. 650-0155 (UV-VIS) 650-0156 (VIS)

Used to measure the polarization angle in the UV/ visible region (with 650-0155) and in the visible region (with 650-0156). The 650-0156 provides a higher accuracy in the visible region.

|--|



Attenuator set, Fluorescence 251-0081

Used for highly fluorescent materials that need to be analyzed without dilution or by cutting down the source or fluorescence

energy. The set consists of one each 4%, 8%, 11%, 15%, 23% and 33%T screens.

Advanced Technologies Supporting Cutting-Edge Fluorescence Analysis

Temperature control accessory



Thermostatic cell holder 250-0330

Temperature-controlled water keeps the temperature of the 10-mm rectangular cell constant. This holder is suitable for analysis of biochemical samples.





Thermostatic cell holder with stirrer 250-0346

A magnetic stirrer is used to stir sample solutions to ensure higher thermal accuracy in measurement.

10 mm rectangular cell 500 - 1,200 rpm 5 - 60°C (Thermostatted water bath and a cell are required but not included.)



Cell holder with programmable temperature control 5J0-0143 (115V) 5J0-0144 (220-240V)

Effective for the analysis of biochemical samples as temperature can be maintained or changed by using the program function

Compatible cells	10 mm rectangular cell		
Temperature range	0 - 100°C		
(Thermostatted water bath and a cell are required but not included.)			



Low temperature accessory 5J0-0112 / 4J1-0105

Used for fluorescence/phosphorescence measurement at a liquid-nitrogen temperature. The micro-structure of a sample which does not appear at normal temperature can be measured with this accessorv

Sample tube	Outer diameter 5 mm or 8 mm	
Measurement	-196°C (Liquid	
temperature	nitrogen temperature)	



Cell holder with constant temperature control 5J0-0141 (115V) 5J0-0142 (220-240V)

Effective for the analysis of biochemical samples as temperature can be maintained constant. It is electrically operated and rapid heating and cooling are possible.

Compatible cells	10 mm rectangular cell	
Temperature range10 to 60°C		
Dry gas and cell required, but not included.		



Multiple Sample Measurement

Sample sipper accessory 5J0-0123

Streamlines successive operations of sample sipping, measurement and result printout. Effective for automatic measurement of liquid samples in quality control and clinical chemical analysis.



Dry gas and cell required, but not included.



Automatic 4-turret 5J0-0140

Cell position is settable with using FL Solutions software and good for automatic measurement. This unit is applicable for enzyme activity and samples for bio/life science

Compatible	e cell	10mm rectangular cell
Cell chang	eover	within 3% RSD
Measuremer	nt Mode	Automatic 4-turret scan (Time scan)
Contro	I	PC Software (FL Solutions)
Power su	pply	Power is supplied from main unit, F-7000
Tempera	ture	5 to 35 degree
Dry gas and cell require	ed, but not inc	luded.



Micro plate reader 5J0-0139

This accessory is categorized as an autosampler for Model F-7000 which uses a microplate and seriously inquired by the customers who have lots of samples to be measured in the biotechnological field, etc.

Measuring speed	96 wells/60 s (in kinetics measurement mode)
Thermostatic function	Thermostatic water bath connectable 5 to 60°C (Thermostatic water bath separately available)



Auto sipper 4J1-0124

This computer-controlled sample sipper is provided with a sample recovery function and other versatile functions. In combination with an autosampler this accessory provides advanced automation and labor saving in sample preparation.

Cell capacity	Approximately 90 µL	di
	2% or less	
Carryover	(Conditions) Sample : 1 mg/L quinine sulfate Blank : 0.1 mol/L dilute sulfuric acid Sipping quantity : 2.5 mL	(Sa



AS-1010 Auto sampler 2J1-0121 (115V) 2J1-0122 (220-240V)

In combination with the auto sipper or in flow injection analysis. AS-1010 is used for multiple sample measurement. A suction needle can be moved in three lirections X, Y and Z.

	Sample tube size Outer di	ameter 12mm, ght 105mm ameter 15mm, 05mm (Option)
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8-turret cell holder 250-0333

For effective multi-sample measurements. Allows selection of up to eight 10-mm rectangular cells/test tubes for rapid quantitative analysis.

Compatible cells	10-mm rectangular cell, Test tube (outer diameter 10/12 mm and height 105 mm or less)
Cell capacity	3% or less (when using the same sample and cell)

(Cell is not included)



4-turret cell holder 250-0339

For quantitative analysis when using 10-mm rectangular cells

Error due to cell changeover	3% or less (when using the same sample and cell)

(Cell is not included

Wavelength extension



F-7000

Enables fluorescence measurements in a wavelength range of 200 to 900 nm (200 to 750 nm with the standard photomultiplier).

Enables fluorescence measurements in a wavelength range of 220 to 800 nm (220 to 730 nm with the standard photomultiplier).

Flow cell



Flow cell unit for 55 µL 250-0331 Flow cell unit for 180 µL 250-0332

Supports high sensitivity measurements with flow cell unit. An increased cell capacity is particularly effective for high sensitivity analysis of elements such as catecholamines when measured in combination with a HPLC system.



Intracellular cation measurement program



Intracellular cation measurement accessory 5J0-0145 / 4J1-0141

This accessory includes four components (250-0346, 5J0-0111 / 4J1-0143, 650-0116, 5J0-0308 / 4J1-0311)

F-7000 *This image is for F-2710

5J0-0111 / 4J1-0143

Used in combination with the thermostatted cell holder with stirrer (250-0346). A reagent can be injected by using a micro syringe, without opening the sample compartment. Facilitates the measurement of a reaction process after injecting a reagent. (Micro syringe is required but not included.)

F-7000 F-2710

Intracellular cation measurement program 5J0-0308 / 4J1-0311

This software is used for measuring calcium (Ca $^{2\ast})$ in cells together with pH measurement reagents (such as BCECF) along with Ca2+ measurement reagents (Quin 2, Fura 2, Indo 1). Up to 4 sets of measurement wavelengths can be selected, and the entire process from the measurement to the calculation of Ca2+ concentration is automated.

F-7000

GLP/GMP program 5J0-0307

F-7000

FL Solutions Type S 5J0-0309

Cell





Low scatter micro cell

650-0171

Fluorescence-free cell 018-1001

This fluorescence-free cell uses synthetic quartz with high purity. It is effective for a low concentration measurement lowering fluorescence in the back ground.

Used for the measurement of trace samples of about 0.2 mL in size with almost the same sensitivity as those obtained by using a 10 mm cell.

The low scatter micro cell using a black quartz mask has a low scatter beam and is effective for high sensitivity analysis of trace samples.

Fluorescence cell 123-1012

This is a typical fluorescent cell that is made of quartz which has permeability in the ultraviolet and visible region.

Micro cell 650-0116



500 - 800 nm Correction range (both EX and EM) (with photomultiplier R928F)

Quantum yield Measurement unit



F-7000

Enables the measurement of the quantum yield of powder samples. This unit consists of 60 phi integrating sphere, powder cell, standard white plate, and quantum yield program. Photomultiplier R928F, Substandard light source. Filter set and Spectral correction kit are required for full range measurements from 240 to 800 nm. but not included.





Spectrum correction

Spectral correction accy Kit

4J1-0137

220 - 600 nm

(with standard photomultiplier)

Enables a spectral correction from 220 to 600 nm by using

F-2710

Rhodamine B.

Correction range (both EX and EM)

13

Optional accessories

Category	Accessories	F-7000	F-2710	
	Solid Sample Holder	650-0	0161	
Cell Holder	Absorption Cell Holder	650-0	0165	
	High Sensitivity Cell Holder	5J0-0	0124	
	Micro Cell Holder	not available	4J1-0133	
	Automatic Polarization Acc. (UV-VIS)	5J0-0137	not available	
Delevization	Automatic Polarization Acc. (VIS)	5J0-0138	not available	
Polarization	Polarization Acc. (UV-VIS)	650-0	0155	
	Polarization Acc. (VIS)	650-0	0156	
	Attenuator Set, Fluorescence	251-0	0081	
Support	Filter Set	5J0-0	0151	
	Analog Output Acc.	251-0163	not available	
	Thermostatted Cell Holder	250-0	0330	
	Thermostatted Cell Holder with Stirrer	250-0	0346	
Temperature	Cell Holder With Programmable Temp Control	5J0-0143 5J0-0144 (
	Cell Holder With Constant Temp Control	5J0-0141 (115 V) 5J0-0142 (220-240 V)	not available	
	Low Temp. Acc.	5J0-0112	4J1-0105	
	Automatic 4-turret	5J0-0140	not available	
	8-turret Cell Holder	250-0	0333	
	4-turret Cell Holder	250-0	0339	
Multiple	Auto Sipper	not available	4J1-0124	
wuttpie	Sample Sipper	5J0-(0123	
	Auto Sampler AS-1010	not available	2J1-0121 (115 V) 2J1-0122 (200 V)	
	Micro Plate Reader	5J0-0139	not available	
Detector	Photomultiplier R928F	650-1246		
Correction	Spectral Correction Accy Kit	included in F-7000	4J1-0137	
	Substandard Light Source	5J0-0135 (115 V) 5J0-0136 (220-240 V)	4J1-0145 (115 V) 4J1-0135 (220-240 V)	
Flow cell	Flow Cell Unit For 55 µl	250-0331		
	Flow Cell Unit For 180 µl	250-0332		
	Quantum Yield Measurement Unit	5J0-0148	4J1-0139	
System	Intracellular Cation Measurement Acc.	5J0-0145	4J1-0141	
	Micro Sampling Acc.	5J0-0111	4J1-0143	
	FL Solutions Program	5J0-0330	4J1-0330	
	Intracellular Cation Measurement Program	5J0-0308	4J1-0311	
Software	Report Generator Program	5J0-0306	4J1-0313	
	FL Solutions (Type S)*1	5J0-0309	not available	
	GLP/GMP Program	5J0-0307	not available	
Cell	Fluorescence Cell	123-	1012	
	Fluorescence-free Cell	018-	018-1001	
	Micro Cell	650-0116		
	Low Scatter Micro Cell	650-0	650-0171	
	Triangular Cell	5J1-	1502	
	SOP (Draft)	5J1-9105	4J1-9121	
Document	Test Report + SOP Draft	5J1-9106	4J1-9123	
	FL IQOQ Draft	5J1-9115	4J1-9125	
Lamp	Xe lamp	650-	1500	

*1 for windows® XP Pro

F-7000 / 2710 Specifications

	Model	F-7000	F-2710	
Aspect				
Main feature		· ·	• Wide dynamic range (6 or more orders of magnitude) • Abundant accessories	
		3-D measurement at short time by Ultra-high scanning speed (60,000 nm/min)	Entry-model for all users	
Wa	avelength range	200 to 750 nm and zero-order light (Expandable up to 900 nm with optional detector)	220 to 730 nm and zero-order light (Expandable up to 800 nm with optional detector)	
	Scan speed	30, 60, 240, 1,200, 2,400, 12,000, 30,000 and 60,000 nm/min	60, 300, 1,500, 3,000 and 12,000 nm/min	
Response spe	ed (Response of 0 to 98%)	0.002, 0.004, 0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 2, 4 s, and auto	0.04, 0.08, 0.4, 2 s, and auto	
Sensitivity	Noise : Background	S/N 15,000 or above (RMS)*1	S/N 10,000 or above (RMS)*2	
(Raman light of water)	Noise : Peak	S/N 800 or above (RMS)* ³ S/N 250 or above (Peak to Peak)* ³		
	Light Source 150 W xenon lamp		non lamp	
	Mount	Single monochro	omator (Grating)	
0	ptical System	Monochromatic light mo	onitoring ratio calculation	
Resolution		1 nm	2.5 nm	
Wavelength drive speed		60,000 nm/min	12,000 nm/min	
Wavelength accuracy		±1 nm	±3 nm	
Band pass (both EX and EM)		5 steps (1, 2.5, 5, 10, and 20 nm)	4 steps (2.5, 5, 10, and 20 nm)	
	Detector	Photomultiplier		
Photor	metric Value range	-9999 to 9999		
	Monitor	PC monitor		
	Operation	PC operation by FL Solutions Program		
	Interface	USB communication to PC		
Main functions		Wavelength scan (EX, EM) Quantitative measurement Time scan		
		Pre-scan Phosphorescence for F-7000 · 3-D measurement · 3-D time-scan spectrum for F-7000		
		Operation by FL Solutions (Spectrum display/ trace/ calculation/ saving/ loading/ print out, Rescalling, Smoothing, Peak detection, Graph axis conversion, Data transfer to Microsoft®Excel®, Word®, File conversion etc.)		
Printer		Printer for Windows®		
Dimensions (W) \times (D) \times (H)		$620 \times 520 \times 300 \text{ (mm)}$	$600 imes503 imes343 ext{ (mm)}$	
Weight		Арргох	. 41 kg	
Power requirements		100, 115, 220, 230 or 240 V 50/60 Hz, 380 VA	100, 115, 220, 230 or 240 V 50/60 Hz, 400 VA	

*1 Ex 350 nm, Slit 10 nm, Response 4 s

*2 Ex 350 nm, Slit 10 nm, Response 2 s

*3 Ex 350 nm, Slit 5 nm, Response 2 s

• PicoGreen® is a registered trademark of Invitrogen Corporation.

• Windows®, Microsoft®, Excel®, and Word® are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

CAUTION: For correct operation, follow the instruction manual when using the instrument.

NOTICE: Although the information contained herein has been reviewed, Hitachi High-Technologies Corporation makes no warranty or representation as to its accuracy or completeness.

NOTICE: The system is For Research Use Only, and is not intended for any animal or human therapeutic or diagnostic use.

Specifications in this catalog are subject to change with or without notice, as Hitachi High-Tech Science Corporation continues to develop the latest technologies and products for our customers.

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